EU-Sanctioned countries

Restrictive measures, or "sanctions" are an important instrument of the EU's Common Foreign and Security Policy (CFSP). They are used as part of a holistic and comprehensive political approach, which also includes political dialogue, accompanying efforts and the use of other available instruments.

To exclude, as far as possible, that:

- a natural or legal person subject to targeted sanctions (such as travel bans or financial sanctions) is among the participants in your project;
- your planned activities (such as professional training, know-how transfer or services) are prohibited under sanctions law; or
- your activities concern a country subject to sanctions,

any suspected cases must be checked using the EU Sanctions Map.

If you have any questions, please contact the national authorities responsible for implementing the applicable restrictive EU measures (sanctions) based on decisions and regulations of the EU-Council.

Science and Research Security

International cooperation in science is a valuable achievement that contributes to the development of free research and academic freedom. At the same time, it is important to identify foreign interference to prevent the undesirable transfer of critical knowledge and risks to science and research security.

To assist you in your assessment, we would like to draw your attention to several particularly vulnerable fields of research:

- Physics, chemistry and pharmacy
- (Quantum-)Optics
- Medicine and biotechnology
- Climate and energy
- Mobility
- Nanotechnology
- Aerospace
- Communication technology and IT

Further information is also available on the KIWi-Website (Centre for International Academic Cooperation) of the German Academic Exchange Service (DAAD).

If you have any questions, you may contact the central contact persons for science and research security at your respective institution.

Thank you very much for your cooperation.

Your OeAD-Team